

Zener Diodes:

<p>Zener Diode</p>	<p>Zener Diode, with knee current</p>
$\begin{cases} \text{On:} & V_D = V_{on} & I_D > 0 \\ \text{Off:} & I_D = 0 & V_z < V_D < V_{on} \\ \text{Zener:} & V_D = -V_z & I_D < 0 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} \text{On:} & V_D = V_{on} & I_D > 0 \\ \text{Off:} & I_D = 0 & V_z < V_D < V_{on} \\ \text{Zener:} & V_D = -V_z & I_D < -I_{knee} \end{cases}$

555 Timer:

	<p>On-Time: $T_1 = 0.693(R1 + R2)C1$</p> <p>Off Time: $T_2 = 0.693(R2)C1$</p> <p>Frequency: $f = \frac{01.44}{(R1 + 2R2)C1}$</p> <p>Period: $T = T_1 + T_2$</p> <p>Duty Cycle (percentage): $D = \frac{T_1}{T} \times 100$</p>
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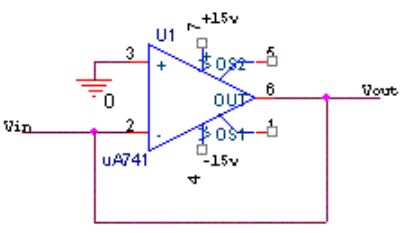
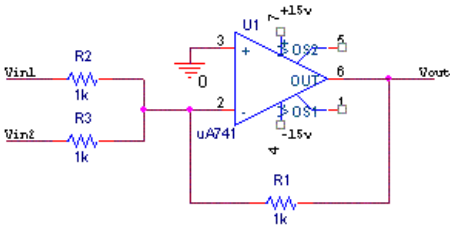
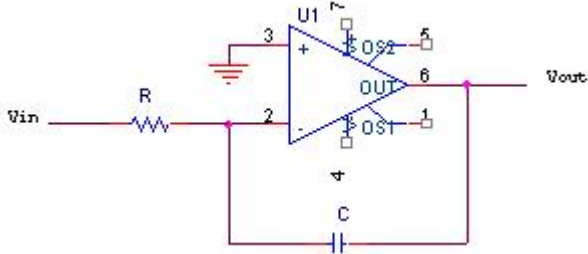
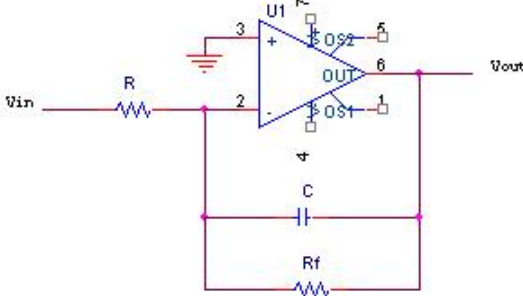
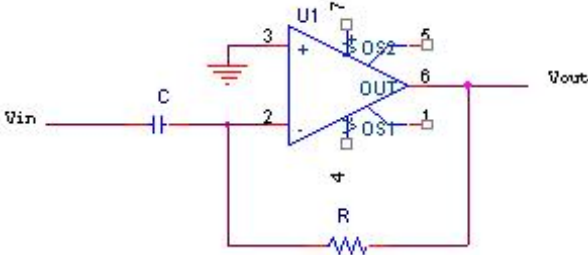
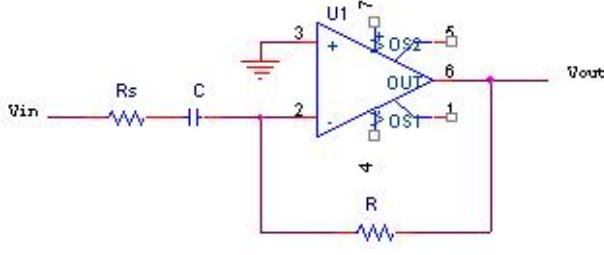
Inductance and Resistance:

Long Coil	Ring shaped Coil	Wire Resistance
$L = \frac{\mu N^2 \pi r_c^2}{d}$	$L = \mu N^2 r_c \left[\ln\left(\frac{8r_c}{r_w}\right) - 2 \right]$	$R = \frac{l}{\sigma A}$

Ideal Transformers:

	$a = \frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{I_1}{I_2} = \sqrt{\frac{L_2}{L_1}}$
	<p>input impedance: $Z_{eq.} = Z_{AB} = \frac{Z}{a^2}$</p> <p>power: $P = VI = I^2 R$</p>

Op-Amp Circuits:

<p style="text-align: center;">Buffer</p>  $A_V = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = 1$	<p style="text-align: center;">Adder</p>  $V_{out} = -\frac{R_1}{R_2} V_{in1} - \frac{R_1}{R_3} V_{in2}$
<p style="text-align: center;">Ideal Active Integrator</p>  $H(j\omega) = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -\frac{1}{j\omega RC}$ $v_{out}(t) = -\frac{1}{RC} \int v_{in}(t) dt$	<p style="text-align: center;">Miller Integrator</p>  $H(j\omega) = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -\frac{R_f}{R(1 + j\omega R_f C)}$ $\omega \gg \frac{1}{R_f C} \Rightarrow H(j\omega) \approx -\frac{1}{j\omega RC}$ $\omega \gg \frac{1}{R_f C} \Rightarrow v_{out}(t) \approx -\frac{1}{RC} \int v_{in}(t) dt$
<p style="text-align: center;">Ideal Active Differentiator</p>  $H(j\omega) = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -j\omega RC$ $v_{out}(t) = -RC \frac{dv_{in}(t)}{dt}$	<p style="text-align: center;">Practical Active Differentiator</p>  $H(j\omega) = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -\frac{j\omega RC}{1 + j\omega R_s C}$ $\omega \ll \frac{1}{R_s C} \Rightarrow H(j\omega) \approx -j\omega RC$ $\omega \ll \frac{1}{R_s C} \Rightarrow v_{out}(t) = -RC \frac{dv_{in}(t)}{dt}$