

## Gauss' law

**Reading assignment**

Ulaby, 4-4

Connor and Salon, I-24 → I-29 and II-1 → II-10

**Problem 1 - Coulomb and Gauss' law**

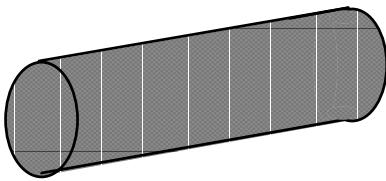
Show that the electric field of a point charge satisfies Gauss' law by evaluating

 $\oint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{s}$  over the surface of a sphere of radius  $a$ .**Problem 2 - Symmetry**

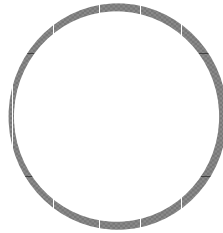
Three charge distributions are pictured below. In 1) and 3), assume that the system is very long and ignore fringe effects. For each of the charge distributions, answer the following:

- Determine the direction in which  $\mathbf{E}$  points.
- Determine surfaces over which  $\int \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{s}$  is constant and non-zero.
- Sketch a surface that can be used with Gauss' law to find  $\mathbf{E}$ .

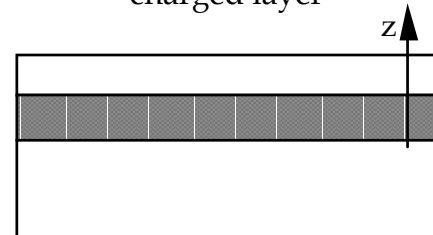
1) cylinder with uniform volume charge density



2) spherical shell of charge



3) semiconductor with charged layer

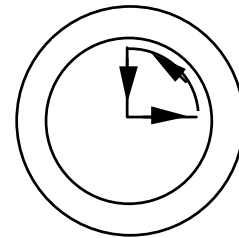
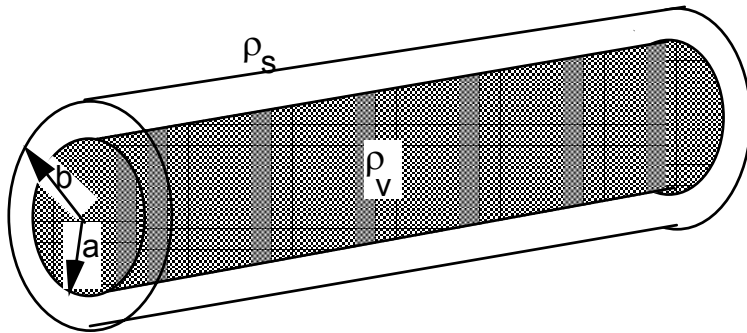


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**Problem 3 - Use Gauss' law to evaluate E**

A charge distribution with *cylindrical* symmetry is shown below. The inner cylinder has a uniform charge density  $\rho_v$  C/m<sup>3</sup>. The outer shell has a surface charge density  $\rho_s$  C/m<sup>2</sup> such that the total charge on the outer shell is the negative of the total charge in the inner cylinder. Ignore end effects.

- Find  $\mathbf{E}$  for  $r < a$ .
- Find  $\mathbf{E}$  for  $a < r < b$ .
- Find  $\mathbf{E}$  for  $b < r$ .
- Check your answer for  $\mathbf{E}$  by evaluating  $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E}$  (the differential form of Gauss's Law) and  $\nabla \times \mathbf{E}$  for all regions.
- What is  $\oint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l}$  around the closed contour shown on the right?
- Express the unknown charge density  $\rho_s$  in terms of the geometry and the known uniform charge density  $\rho_v$ .



integration contour for part e.