Gauss' law

## Reading assignment

Ulaby, 4-4

Connor and Salon, I-24  $\rightarrow$  I-29 and II-1  $\rightarrow$  II-10

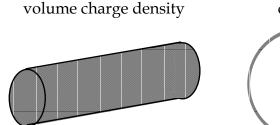
### Problem 1 - Coulomb and Gauss' law

Show that the electric field of a point charge satisfies Gauss' law by evaluating  $\oint$  **E** • **ds** over the surface of a sphere of radius *a*.

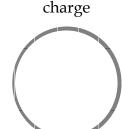
## Problem 2 - Symmetry

Three charge distributions are pictured below. In 1) and 3), assume that the system is very long and ignore fringe effects. For each of the charge distributions, answer the following:

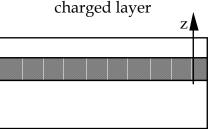
- Determine the direction in which **E** points. a.
- Determine surfaces over which \[ \begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \cdot \mathbb{d} \mathbb{s} \\ \mathbb{is} \quad \text{constant and non-zero.} \] b.
- Sketch a surface that can be used with Gauss' law to find E. c.



1) cylinder with uniform



2) spherical shell of



3) semiconductor with

Lesson 2.2

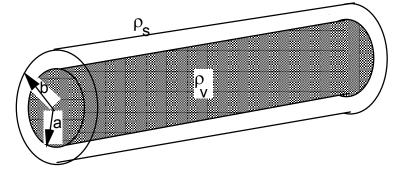
### Problem 3 - Use Gauss' law to evaluate E

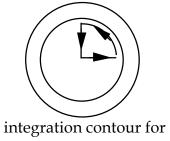
A charge distribution with cylindrical symmetry is shown below. The inner cylinder has a uniform charge density  $\rho_v$  C/m<sup>3</sup>. The outer shell has a surface charge density  $\rho_e$ C/m<sup>2</sup> such that the total charge on the outer shell is the negative of the total charge in the inner cylinder. Ignore end effects.

- Find **E** for r < a. a.
- Find **E** for a < r < b and for b < r. b.
- Check your answer for E by evaluating  $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E}$  and  $\nabla \times \mathbf{E}$ . c.
- What is  $\oint \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{dl}$  around the contour shown on the right? d.

# Gauss' law

Express  $\rho_s$  in terms of the geometry and  $\rho_v.$ e.





part c.